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The Lantern, Chester S.C.- April 19, 1898

J T. Bigham

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THE LANTERN.

Vol. I. No. 56.

CHESTER, S. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 19, 1898.

PUBLISHED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS
Subscription Price, \$2.00 Cash.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C. April 15.—The pendulum no longer swings between peace and war, but hangs stationary at war. The Congressional joint resolution declaring the people of Cuba free and independent, and demanding on the part of the United States government that Spain withdraw from Cuba, and directing and empowering the President to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and so much of the militia of the several states as may be needed to force Spain out of Cuba, means war, and was intended to mean war, as no one in Washington has the slightest idea that Spain will accede to the demand peaceably.

The only difference of opinion in Congress about the forcible intervention resolution was on the independence clause—always excepting the four or five Senators who are known as peace-at-any-price men. A strong minority wished that clause to recognize the independence of the Republic of Cuba, but after mature consideration by the senate and House Foreign Committees a majority of both decided to follow the President's advice and merely declare the people of Cuba to be free and independent, leaving the question of the government of Cuba to be settled after the island shall be occupied by United States troops. Nothing is likely to prevent the ultimate recognition of the present Cuban republic, unless it becomes apparent that it does not represent a majority of the people of Cuba. At least, that is what those close to the President say. So far as the use of force to drive Spain out of Cuba is concerned there is no opposition in Congress, except from the little group of Senators mentioned, who would probably oppose war, even had the Maine been destroyed by a shell openly fired from Morro Castle. Only 19 members of the House voted against it. They can talk, under the rules of the Senate, but that is all they can do. The die is cast. Congress wants war, the people want war, and war it will be.

The destruction of the Maine is mentioned in a preamble to the joint resolution as the culmination of the abhorrent conditions that had existed in Cuba for three years, and it would also have been true to have added, as the principal reason for this forcible intervention, notwithstanding the following statement from the long and carefully prepared report made by the Senate committee on Foreign Relations, on the resolution: "So clearly is the destruction of the Maine only a single incident in the relations of this government with Spain, that if that calamity had never happened the question between the United States and that government would still press for immediate solution." Further along the report expresses the opinion "that the destruction of the Maine was compassed either by the official act of the Spanish authorities or was made possible by a negligence on their part: so willing and gross as to be equivalent in culpability to positive criminal action."

Congress is so belligerent that when no other enemy is in sight its members want to fight each other. This week there was what looked from the gallery like a general free fight on the floor of the House. When the committee on Foreign Affairs reported the Cuban resolution to the House a slight misunderstanding arose, during which Representative Brumm, of Pennsylvania, called Representative Bartlett, of Georgia, a liar. The Georgia gentleman started for the Pennsylvania gentleman and on the way grabbed a book almost as big as an unabridged dictionary from another member's desk and hurled it at Mr. Brumm. This was the signal for a rush on the part of a score of mem-

bers and the mix-up was awful for a little while. The principals were taken charge of by their friends and never got together. If Spain had any friends they would do as much for her.

Consul General Fitzhugh Lee, who has been given a reception in Washington such as had not been accorded to any person for a long time, brought no new proof concerning the guilt of Spanish Officers in the Maine explosion, but he told the House and Senate Foreign Committees, before which he appeared within two hours after his arrival, that he had not the slightest doubt that Spanish officials at Havana were cognizant of and responsible for the blowing up of the Maine, although he did not think that Captain General Blanco either had anything to do with it or had any knowledge of it before the explosion. General Lee says he is anxious to go back to Cuba, not as Consul General, but as an officer in the United States army, sent there to drive the Spanish flag off the island. The suggestion has been made, and very favorably received, that, in view of Gen. Lee's knowledge of the island, it would be good policy to put him in command of the United States army of occupation that will be sent to Cuba, unless there is a hitch in the present plans, in a very short time. Gen. Lee agrees with the President that the Cuban insurgents have not yet succeeded in establishing a government that is entitled to recognition as an independent state, and his saying so had a marked effect upon that element in Congress which had been insisting that intervention should be accompanied by a recognition of the independence of the insurgent government.

A Retaliation Threat.

The following is copied from the *Chester Standard* of July 29th, 1893:

"The Times has the following paragraph:

"Word has been sent to the rebel government that if Captains Sawyer and Flynn, now held in close confinement in Richmond, are executed in retaliation for the hanging of two spies, by Gen. Burnside, at Sandusky, Ohio, that General Fitzhugh Lee and Captain Winfield, now in our hands, shall suffer a like fate. Lee and Winfield are now held in close confinement in a casemate of Fortress Monroe."

"[It may, perhaps, be well enough for the Lincoln government to recollect that we hold about 600 officers in our hands, including several Brigadier Generals.

"The paragraph itself is a gross perversion of facts. Sawyer and Flynn were not drawn for the alleged spies who were hanged; they were drawn in retaliation for the shooting of two Confederate recruiting officers.

"Sawyer's wife arrived in Richmond on a flag of truce boat."

Would Develop Army and Navy.

A Spanish diplomat is quoted as saying that he thought war between the United States and Spain would last six years. Maybe the Spaniard is right and maybe he is not. We hardly think he is. But if it turns out as he suggests, at the end of the six years the United States will not be just like it is at this writing. It will have developed its tremendous military power to the highest degree of efficiency, and at the same time will have the most powerful navy in the world. We do not make the suggestion because we consider either consummation to be earnestly desired, or as an attempt at prophecy; but think the outcome merely the logical conclusion, resulting from conditions that will necessarily be brought about.—*Yorkville Enquirer*.

THE NAVY.

Where Are the Battleships?

From the *Atlanta Journal*.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—As Secretary Long has given notice that no news whatever respecting the movements of the navy will be made public, nothing can be learned of the whereabouts of the flying squadron, consisting of battleships Texas, Massachusetts, cruisers Brooklyn, Minneapolis and Columbia, which sailed from Hampton Roads yesterday. The impression is deep, however, that the squadron has moved for the purpose of intercepting hostile fleets bound for American waters.

The movement of the Spanish fleet is now of more importance to us than our own. The Spanish fleet is still at the Cape Verde islands, fully 2,000 miles from Porto Rico. The armored cruisers Viscaya and Almirante Oquendo have sailed from Porto Rico with a view of joining the torpedo fleets. There is now no doubt among navy officials here that the whole Spanish fleet is mobilizing at Cadiz and the Cape Verde islands, forming two squadrons for hostile purposes.

The prize Spanish battleship Pelayo, has arrived at Cadiz, and the Normania and the Columbia are expected there today. Information has been received here that Spain is scouring the European markets for merchant ships to be converted into auxiliary cruisers for privateering purposes. The report that Spain has bought the Saale and the Sprea of the North German Lloyd line, is not confirmed here. Should it prove true it can be stated that the Spanish flag will never fly from one of them, the Saale. The latter is due to arrive in New York Saturday, and in all probability will be pressed into the American navy.

The government yesterday pressed into service the St. Paul and the St. Louis. It is not known whether they were bought or leased. It bought the figure placed is \$5,000,000 for the two.

The only ships the Spanish now have in Havana are the cruisers Alfonso XII and Nueva Espana. This government has massed at Key West two battleships, three cruisers, five gunboats, three monitors and six torpedo boats.

This government is still buying vessels. The St. Paul is expected in port today, but the St. Louis is not expected for a week at least. They will be sent to Cramps' shipyards to be fitted out as auxiliary cruisers. It will take three weeks to transform those vessels into fighting machines.

The option which the government has on the dynamite-throwing Brazilian ship Niteroy will be closed, so it is said at the department. Orders were sent to every bureau in the navy department this morning that no information should be given out concerning the movement of ships by any officer under penalty of a court-martial.

The navy department looks upon war as settled and is moving rapidly under full speed to be ready to strike heavy after the first gun is fired.

Water Works in Rock Hill.

The city council met in their chamber Wednesday night, Mayor Hutchison and Aldermen Massey, O'Neal, Kerr, Holler and McElwaine being present. The meeting was a special one to consider the report from the water works committee, Messrs. Powhall & Minshall, of New York, had been employed to make a map of the city and draft plans and specifications for a water works system. Mr. Minshall being present to make all explanations, Mr. Kerr, chairman of the committee, read the specifications before the council.

The plans call for not less than five miles of main piping and forty

or more hydrants. There shall be at least two wells, having a combined capacity of 450,000 gallons of water per day.

The machinery used in operating these wells shall have a pumping capacity of from 500,000 to 1,000,000 gallons per day. There shall be a reservoir in the central portion of the city, having a capacity of 200,000 gallons and there shall be a steel tank, thirty feet high, constructed on a steel trestle 90 feet high, having a capacity of 150,000 gallons.

Ten-inch piping will be used on Main street eight-inch on avenues with important residences and four and six in outlying districts.

The test as to pressure shall be that four simultaneous streams from four separate hydrants, one inch nozzle and fifty feet of hose being used shall be thrown 75 feet high, or as many horizontal streams requiring the same pressure.

After a full discussion of plans on a motion by Mr. O'Neal, they were adopted. Mr. Kerr says he has been twenty and twenty-five requests for plans. Copies will be sent at once and the limit for acceptance of bids will be changed to the 12th of May.

On motion by Mr. Kerr, seconded by Dr. Massey, the following resolution was adopted: "That the clerk notify the Town Site Co. that Oakland Avenue will be accepted as a street upon the company's guarantee that it will defend any suit arising from the S. M. Fewell estate."

The recommendation of the board of equalization was accepted and a committee was appointed to ascertain the cost of a new and accurate survey of each lot in the city.—*Rock Hill Herald*.

EXCHANGE OF IDEAS.

Lee has at last captured Washington.—*Rock Hill Herald*.

We do not know but we are inclined to suspect that if the mayor of Greenville were mayor of Havana town he would give the whole population, from Blanco down, ten or twenty.—*Greenville News*.

If the martial and awe-inspiring picture of General J. Gary Watts, displayed in the new magazine, "Mars and Neptune," does not strike terror to the Spanish heart this country might as well give up all hope of performing that little trick with a mere fleet of warships.—*Columbia Register*.

Col. Robert A. Thompson, for forty-five years one of the proprietors and managers of the *Keowee Courier*, has retired from the business. He has been one of the most conservative editors in the State, and has dealt kindly and fairly with all of his contemporaries, never arrogant and presumptuous, and always maintaining the highest standard of a gentleman in and out of his newspaper. His retirement is a decided loss to the press of the State.—*Greenville Mountaineer*.

"Of course the suggestion that the Pope shall be chosen either to arbitrate or to mediate between Spain and the United States is not admissible," says the *New York Times*. "This is not a Catholic country, and would not be even though a majority of its inhabitants were Catholics. Spain, on the other hand, is not only a Catholic country but a Catholic power. She is almost the only Catholic power that is left in the sense of being a power which is influenced in its secular politics by considerations of the welfare of the church."

"Did you tell that young man not to call here any more?" asked Mabel's father, severely. "No." "Why not?" "I didn't think it was necessary. I don't see how he could call any more now. He calls seven times a week."—*Washington Star*.

Lowryville Letter.

As "Violet" has written up the Capers' Chapel side of the recent spelling match between the Chapel and Lowryville schools, a few words from us seem to be in order. We sincerely admire Violet's modesty in not claiming the whole earth and the fullness thereof, as the belongings by right of legitimate conquest of the Chapel pupils. Further, we are devoutly thankful that they failed to "set the river on fire" as such an occurrence would have been quite a calamity in a dry country like this. In fact the whole Chapel school, in their own recitation room, among their own people, spelled against the primary department only of the Lowryville school. The Lowryville pupils were all the merest children, and among strangers, yet the only two of Chapel's spellers left standing were young ladies almost fully grown. This is the exact truth of the matter, and our children have great reason to congratulate themselves that they did so well.

Mr. Clough Steele came in this morning from Charleston.

Mr. Chevis Ligon is home from Pelzer, S. C.

Our merchants seem to be doing a good business, but report that people are buying conservatively.

Mr. Mige Smith, of Yorkville, was in town yesterday.

Miss Annie Lou Abell, of the Presbyterian College for Women, spent Easter Sunday at home.

Mr. Erwin Abell came home from Clinton last Friday, and returned to college there yesterday.

Planting is progressing quite slowly by reason of the cold weather.

JUSTICE.

Items from Wisc.

The wind howled ill-naturedly all last night, and this morning it is roaring quite loudly in our chimneys, very forcibly reminding us that winter, the king of the seasons, has not yet relinquished his claims. The thousands of little flowers that have blossomed on the hillsides and the tender half-grown leaves of the trees look livid as the wintry wind caresses their soft cheeks and they seem to whisper to the passers-by a regret that they so early laid aside the mottled blanket 'neath which they so sweetly slumbered.

The "Weary Willie" that Magistrate Williams so kindly furnished with a 25 days on the changing has worked out his sentence and has gone to warn other "sons of leisure" that the Chester climate is none too salubrious to members of that fraternity.

We notice in a recent issue of your paper that Mr. Pagan desires enlightenment on the origin of the name Harvey. He suggests that it may have been bestowed in honor of some great man.

The name Harvey will ever be dear to all disciples of Esculapius, since it was borne by that eminent English physician, who first discovered the circulation of blood, and thus almost revolutionized the science of medicine. We offer this only as a probable answer to the question, for it may have been derived from the name of a character in some popular book of fiction. We find Harvey Birch one of the leading characters in one of Walter Scott's works.

Our community is very quiet now it seems that all forms of social pleasures have "folded their tents, like the Arabs, and silently stolen away." Soon any ripple of excitement or gaiety will seem only an echo of the once joyous past.

We are glad to report that Miss Annis McAfee, who has been quite ill, in college at Statesville, has fully recovered.

Mr. S. E. Wylie, the popular and efficient agent of the Farmers Mutual, spent several days in this vi-

city looking after the interests of the company.

Mr. John C. McAfee attended the meeting of the Bethel presbytery at Clover. He reports a pleasant time and a good meeting.

Mr. Francis S. Osborne spent last Sabbath in this community.

Mr. Robert Hayes made a flying visit to Banks last week. M.-E.

Olive Leaves.

We had a nice shower last evening rendering the ground too wet to plow this morning, but it makes our gardens and vegetation generally look green and flourishing.

We had quite a severe frost last week, and peaches are said to be badly injured, if not wholly destroyed.

Miss Lou Sanders, who has been teaching near Mr. C. H. Smith's, has returned to her home for a vacation.

Miss Vic Sanders, of Guthrieville, made a brief visit to the family of Mr. J. A. Sanders recently.

Our postmaster, Mr. W. N. Hardin, has been seriously ill, but we are glad to say that he is out of danger now and on the high road to recovery.

Mrs. A. J. Guinn and Mrs. William Cranford have been on the sick list also, but are improving.

Mrs. Sallie Cranford has returned from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Brown Ashe, of Lockhart.

Mrs. J. P. Aycock, of Rock Hill, is spending awhile with her sister, Mrs. Gourley, of Olive.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather no Easter services were held in either the Bethany Methodist or New Bethel Baptist church, although the Baptist church was very prettily decorated for the occasion, by some of the ladies of the New Bethel church.

It is whispered very audibly that our annual "May Day," which for several years has been held at the Baptist church near here, is not to be this year, for the very forcible reason that proper order was not observed. A few "rowdies" were at the last picnic armed with whiskey and profane language. Several of the older ones object to the conduct of these people, especially on a church ground, therefore they wish to put a stop to the annual picnic, much to the regret of the younger generation. But if the picnic comes, on the editor of THE LANTERN and staff are cordially invited, and we will send you a card later.

MATRON.

Olive, S. C., April 14.

Rodman Ripples.

News is scarce but we will try to give you a few dots.

Mrs. Lucian Gill has been sick also, but we are glad to say she is convalescent.

Miss Lou Gill is visiting Mrs. Robertson, in North Carolina.

Oakley Hall school, which has been successfully taught by Miss Lizzie Hollis and Mr. John Lyle Kerr, closed Friday, April 8th.

Messrs. W. J. Neely and J. W. White, of Rock Hill, were in our neighborhood last week.

Miss Madge Burdell has returned home, after spending a very pleasant week with Mrs. John Frazer, of Chester.

Miss Emily Jordan spent a day or two with Misses Bessie Jackson and Mamie Ferguson last week.

Little John, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Courtney, is a great deal better.

Mr. L. W. Henry has added much to his residence by putting a new fence around it.

Miss Annie Hinton's school, at Round Knob, closed last Wednesday.

We are glad to know that Mrs. P. T. Hollis is able to ride around again.

Miss Anna Burdell, of Lewis Turnout, spent Saturday afternoon with the Misses Burdell, at Moore Hall.

OLD MAID.
Rodman, April 13.

The Conway Independent Republic has a spring poet who the editor suggests may take the laurel from the brow of J. Gordon Coogler, the present "poet lauriat." Judging from the liberty this new poet takes with the Latin language in his signature, Meus Patria, we agree that he is liable to seize upon anything in sight.

Mr. W. D. Pollock, of Cheraw, has announced himself a candidate for congress. Mr. Pollock may carry his own precinct.—Yorkville Yeoman.

We have the best of authority for the statement that Mr. Pollock claims Chesterfield and Cherokee—your neighbor Cherokee—solid, with a fair chance at the remaining counties.

Several seizures of original package concerns by the state are reported. It appears from reports that these establishments had grown tired of the monotonous observance of the dispensary law and introduced several specialties for variety's sake. The dispensary folks couldn't appreciate these, and so swept in the whole outfit.

In a young people's meeting last Sabbath afternoon, the subject being "Habit," Dr. G. B. White gave the following interesting little illustration of the difficulty of getting rid of habits. He had read in some where and it had stuck in his memory: "Take the word 'habit'; take off h, and take i left; take away a, and a bit still remains; remove b, and still we have it; take off i, and yet it is not teetotally gone.

If we understand the nominations or suggestions of the prohibitionists, the nominees will not be asked to accept or decline; there will be no official notification. They will not be asked to give up any views they now hold or make any pledges. The convention simply said, knowing what we do of these men, we are willing to support them for the offices named. They are not asked to become the candidates of a faction.

Yesterday at half past two o'clock a mob of negroes supposed to be from near Rock Hill attempted to break into the jail at Chester and rescue the colored prisoner sentenced to be hung tomorrow for the murder of Policeman Marshall. The militia were ordered out and dispersed the mob after firing three rounds of blank cartridges at them. There was great excitement but the hanging will come off all right.—Abbeville Medium.

This paragraph contains several inaccuracies. The mob did not attempt to break into the jail and rescue the prisoner; no mob was seen; there was no reason to believe there was any mob in existence; the militia did not fire blank cartridges; they did not fire at all; they did not disperse the mob; they were not ordered out; there was no reason to order them out; there was no excitement; there was no occasion for any. A few of the militia, however, were on duty Friday at the hour of execution, and the hanging came off all right.

Gen. Lee and Miss Cisneros.

RICHMOND, VA., April 16.—Consul General Lee accompanied by Miss Cisneros arrived in the city tonight. There was no demonstration. Miss Cisneros will be the guest of General Lee's family during her stay.

A mob attacked the American consulate in Malaga, Spain, last Saturday, throwing stones and tearing down the shield that bears the arms of the United States. Order was restored to some extent by the prefect and the streets were patrolled by gendarmes.

WAR NEWS.

Resolutions of the Two Houses and Their Final Agreement.

In our last issue we gave the resolution of the house of representatives in regard to Cuba. In order to bring this and the Senate's action together, we reprint it. Every Senator was in his place Saturday, when the matter was under consideration, except Walthall, of Mississippi, who was detained by illness. Here is the house resolution referred to above:

That the president is hereby authorized and directed to intervene at once to stop the war in Cuba, to the end and with the purpose of securing permanent peace and order there, and establishing, by the free action of the people thereof, a stable and independent government of their own in the island of Cuba; and the president is hereby authorized and empowered to use the land and naval forces of the United States to execute the purpose of this resolution.

In the Senate the test vote, quite naturally, was on the amendment offered by Mr. Turpie, recognizing the independence of the Cuban republic. It prevailed by a majority of 14, the vote being 51 to 37. By political parties the vote was cast as follows:

Yeas—Republicans, 11; Democrats, 28; Populists, 7; Silver Republicans, 5.

Nays—Republicans, 32; Democrats, 5.

Under the final vote the alignment of parties was quite different from that on the Turpie amendment. An analysis of it follows:

Yeas—Republican, 24; Democrats, 31; Populists, 7; Silver Republicans, 5. Total, 67.

Nays—Republicans, 19; Democrats, 2. Total, 21.

The resolution was finally agreed upon by the Senate as follows:

Whereas the abhorrent conditions which have existed for more than three years in the island of Cuba, so near our own borders, have shocked the moral sense of the people of the United States, have been a disgrace to Christian civilization, culminating, as they have, in the destruction of a United States battleship, with two hundred and sixty-six of its officers and crew, while on a friendly visit to the harbor of Havana, and cannot longer be endured as has been set forth by the President of the United States in his message to Congress of April 11, 1898, upon which the action of Congress was invited; Therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled:

First. That the people of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent, and that the government of the United States hereby recognize the Republic of Cuba as the true and lawful government of that island.

Second. That it is the duty of the United States government to demand, and the government of the United States does hereby demand, that the government of Spain at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

Third. That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into the actual service of the United States the military of the several states, to such extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Fourth. That the United States hereby disclaim any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island, except for the pacification thereof; and assert their determination, when that is accomplished, to leave the government and control of the island to its people.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—After one of the hardest fought battles between the two houses known in many years, Congress at an early hour this morning came to an agree-

ment upon the most momentous question it has dealt with in a third of a century.

The Cuban resolution was passed and will be sent to the President this morning. Its provisions mean the expulsion of Spain from the island of Cuba by the armed forces of the United States.

The resolutions agreed upon in conference and finally adopted by both houses are the senate resolutions above with the first resolution amended by striking out all after the words "free and independent," that is to say, the recognition of the republic of Cuba is stricken out; and in the second resolution the phrase "at once" is omitted.

It is announced that 70,000 volunteers will be called for, the several states being called upon for quotas. 100,000 may be called for later.

REVENUE FOR THE WAR.

How It Is Proposed to Raise \$120,000,000.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The republican members of the ways and means committee of the house have practically completed the preparation of the revenue measure which will be passed to raise revenue sufficient to prosecute the war. The members propose that the present generation shall bear the burdens of the war, and proceeding upon that theory they have prepared a bill that will raise between \$100,000,000 or \$120,000,000 additional revenue per annum.

The bill will provide for an additional tax of one dollar per barrel upon beer. On manufactured tobacco and snuff the internal revenue tax will be increased from six to twelve cents. The increase on cigars and cigarettes has not been absolutely fixed, but it probably will be one dollar on all classes. The proposition which the senate placed on the tariff bill but which went out in conference to all stocks and transfers of corporations is embodied in the measure, together with practically all the scheme of internal revenue taxation of the act of 1860, which includes a stamp tax on all checks, drafts and all manner of business—(mortgages, loans and bonds); a tax on patent and proprietary medicines, and a tax on telegraph messages and express packages is also incorporated in the bill. This scheme of taxation is estimated to raise \$35,000,000.

The tax on proprietary and patent medicines will be two cents on bottles or packages retelling at 25 cents or under, and 4 cents on those retelling above that price. The tax on telegraph messages will be one cent on all messages which cost 25 cents or less, and two cents on all above 25 cents. A duty of 10 cents per pound is placed upon tea and 3 cents per pound upon coffee.

Bottled waters are to bear a tax similar to patent medicines.

For the pressing needs of the government the secretary of the treasury is given the general power to issue certificates of indebtedness, payable in one year and to bear not to exceed 3 per cent. interest. The secretary of the treasury is also authorized to borrow on the credit of the government by popular subscription a loan of \$500,000,000. This loan is to be placed through the post offices of the country, the sub-treasuries and government depositories in low rate bonds, which are to be sold at par until they are to bear 3 per cent. interest, and to be redeemable after five years at the option of the government, and to be due in twenty years. The principal and interest are to be payable in coin.

McKinley is being "cussed" all over the land for his course in the Spanish-American trouble. Well, he can stand it, for he would have been abused by somebody no matter what course he pursued.—Country Record.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Woods & Price.

Land Wanted.

From 8,000 to 20,000 acres of farming lands in Chester and surrounding counties, for settling colonies. Correspondence solicited.

Apply to—

A. J. MCCOY,
Real Estate Agent.

Office: McCoy's Drug Store, Gadsden street.

Notice.

A note and a mortgage on real estate, bearing date April 2, 1898, given by J. F. Oates and payable to the order of Maggie and William G. Oates, was lost by me last Saturday between the bank and Wyllie & Co's store. All persons are warned against trading for these papers. JNO. F. OATES.

Attention Here—Say, friend, have you tried Dayberry's Laundry? If not, try it. The work is of a dead white and beautiful finish. Your friend,
J. E. DAYBERRY.

GOOD MULES AND HORSES

Always on hand, to suit customers, both rich and poor, at

A. Friedheim & Bro's,
ROCK HILL, S. C.

Eggs, Eggs—Barred Plymouth Rock eggs for hatching. Fine Stock. Guaranteed good hatch. Thirteen for one dollar.
R. W. STRICKER.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SUPERVISOR.

CHESTER, S. C., March 15, '98. I hereby announce myself a candidate for nomination to the office of County Supervisor at the ensuing democratic primary election, and pledge myself to abide by the result of said election. The cordial support of my fellow citizens is respectfully solicited.
J. R. CULP, Sr.

AUDITOR.

We are authorized to announce W. M. Corbitt as a candidate for reappointment to the office of County Auditor, subject to the action of the Democratic primary election.

TREASURER.

Being well pleased with Mr. W. O. Guy's services as treasurer of Chester county, we hereby nominate him for reappointment to the same office, subject to the recommendation of the democratic primary.
TAXPAYERS.

PROFESSIONAL.

R. B. CALDWELL,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Walker Bld'g, CHESTER, S. C.
Prompt and careful attention given to all business. Practice in all the Courts. Collections and Commercial Law.

PRYOR & MCKEE,
DRUGGISTS.

Prescriptions a Specialty.

Teachers and Others

Having official business with me will please take notice that my office days are Mondays and Saturdays.
W. D. KNOX,
County Superintendent of Education.

C. WARREN'S

(Jos. A. Walker's Old Stand)

I have just received a fresh supply of—

Blue Ribbon Mocha
and Java Coffee.

Try it, you will surely be pleased.

Have also just received a shipment of—
"MAGIC CLEANER" SOAP.

One bar does the work of two of any other kind of soap.

Havana Rose and Country
Gentleman Cigars

Finest smoke in the city.

Can suit all. All kinds of Spices. Everything generally found in first-class grocery, at

C. WARREN'S.
PHONE 122.

GRAND SPRING OPENING! S. M. Jones & Co.

RELIABLE WHOLESALESMEN AND RETAILERS.

One of the most complete Stocks of Goods ever exhibited in the City of Chester. We offer the following Bargains:

2 cases Barker's 4-4 Bleaching 16 yds for \$1.00
Value 10c.
3 cases best Dress Calicoes, 4 cts. per yard. Value 6 1/4 cts.
2 cases best quality standard Shirting Prints, 3c. yard. Value 5 cents.
2 cases figured Dimity, 5 cts a yard. Value 10c.
100 pieces D. Gingham, 5 cts. a yard. Value 8 cts.
200 pieces white India Linen, 5 cts a yd. Former price 7 1/2 c.

Special Bargains.

25 pieces black figured India Silks, 75c per yd. Value \$1.
ORGANDIES.
100 Patterns, beautiful styles, all new, 25c. to 40c.

TAFFETA SILKS.

50 pieces Taffeta and Colored Silks, in all the newest shades, 50c to \$1. per yard.

Great Sale Ladies Shirt

Waists at half price.
500 Laundered Waists with Collars and Cuffs 25c
Cheap at 50c.
300 Laundered Waists 30c
Value 75 cents.
200 with white collars and cuffs 59c.
Value \$1.00.

HATS, SHOES, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

We are now opening a beautiful line of Fur and Straw Goods, all the correct things for Spring. Our stock of Russell and Patent Leather Shoes is very complete and cheap.

See our line of Negligee Shirts from 25c. to \$1.00. Can't be surpassed anywhere.

Remember we do not keep old goods. Come and buy where you can get goods at wholesale prices. Goods warranted as represented or money refunded.

S. M. JONES & COMPANY.

MELTON & HARDIN.

We carry in Stock Fresh Lines of everything usually found in a First Class Grocery, and can suit all tastes, from the Plainest to the most Fastidious.

We Shall be Glad For you to call and inquire as to what we can do for you in the way of qualities and prices.

Melton & Hardin,
CHESTER, S. C.

CHILDS and EDWARDS.

Importers and Manufacturers
: Monumental Works.

UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS

Fire, Life and Accident
INSURANCE.

PHONE 80.

SAY! Have you Seen It?

"CLEVELAND" No. 35 at \$50.00, for 1898.

It is the best wheel that has ever been offered to the public for the money. The bearings are waterproof as well as dust-proof. "CLEVELAND" wheels are built on honor, and they stand the racket. Our line embraces wheels from

\$15.00 to \$100.

Good stock on hand. We carry a full line of bicycle tools and sundries, and are prepared to do all repair work at moderate prices. Everything guaranteed as represented, and we are here to stay. Remember that we have everything in this line. Yours truly,

ROSBOROUGH & McLURE.

JOS. A. WALKER & SON,
SANITARY PLUMBING,
STEAM AND HOT-WATER HEATING.

We are prepared to do all kinds of plumbing and hot water fitting. Come in and let us show you over our stock, and if you have any work to be done we will cheerfully bid on it for you and do it at a low figure.

Bicycles Repaired, Rented and Sold.

We have with us a first-class bicycle repair man. If you have any work in this line bring it around and let us do it CHEAP. We make the old wheels new.

We are agents for the best sewing machine in the market. It can't be anything but the NEW HOME.

PHONE 63.

THE LANTERN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
TWO DOLLARS A YEAR, CASH.

TUESDAY, APRIL 19, 1898.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Advertisements inserted under this head at ten cents a line.
No advertisements inserted as reading matter.

B. D. Refo bought eight head of fine stall-fed cattle this week. Call on him for nice, fat, tender beef.

For Rent.—One five-room cottage, exclusive of stove room. Good water, good garden spot, good neighborhood. Apply to
Apr. 1. 3t J. L. AGURS.

I will remain in Chester for some months and offer my services to a limited number of pupils for Piano, Violin, voice and harmony. Specialties—voice building and musical expression.
J. W. TILLINGHAST.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

R. Brandt offers to repair watches throughout for \$1.00, from now until June 1st.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. C. B. Betts, Jr., spent Sunday at Rock Hill.

W. B. Cox, of Landsford, is visiting Mrs. L. N. Cross.

Mr. Jay O. Hardin, of Richburg, was in the city Friday.

Dr. Gilmore Stevens, of Rock Hill, spent Sunday in the city.

S. E. True, of Rock Hill, was in the city last Friday.

Capt. O. Barber has been spending a few days in the city.

Mr. Kennedy's school at Old Purty will close on the 29th inst.

Mr. Chalmers Hughes, of Abbeville, is visiting friends in the city.

Miss Lois Drennan, of Richburg, has been visiting Mrs. J. B. Wise.

Rev. J. M. Carlisle preached last Sabbath at the Methodist church.

Mr. A. E. Gonzales, of Columbia, president of the State Publishing Co., was in the city Saturday.

Mr. Edgar Dunlap, of Atlanta, spent last Sabbath in the city, with Mr. R. H. Cousar.

Democrats of several precincts will notice that a call is published for a meeting Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. W. B. Cox, of Landsford, killed a hawk last week with a rock.

Miss Mary Joe Witherspoon, of Yorkville, spent Saturday in the city.

Mr. Brainerd Dobson, of Yorkville, spent Sunday in the city, with Mr. Sidney Davidson.

Misses Moultrie Buchanan and Janie Bell Ferguson are visiting relatives at Rossville.

Mr. James Hamilton, Jr., has had electric light wires put in his residence.

Mr. Will Horne, of Rock Hill, spent Sunday in the city, visiting his parents.

Mr. J. E. Robinson and daughter, Miss Mamie, of Cotton, spent Saturday in the city.

Sheriff Logan, and Messrs. Wms. Love, and Will Gist, of Yorkville, were in the city last Friday.

Mr. Reuben McConnell, of McConnellville, is visiting his brother, Dr. H. E. McConnell.

Messrs. S. R. Goza, J. L. Adams and A. A. Moore, of Rock Hill, were in the city Friday.

Married on Sunday, April 17th, by Rev. J. E. Grier, Mr. Leja F. Westerlund to Mrs. Leila Cornwell.

Rev. J. C. Adams, of Wadesboro, N. C., preached last Sabbath at the Baptist church, the pastor being at Wadesboro.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. McKeown, of Cornwell, and Mrs. Tennant, of Winoosburg, spent Sunday in the city.

Rev. C. E. McDonald, of Winoosburg, passed through the city yesterday morning, returning from Abbeville, where he had been assisting Rev. Horace Rabb with a meeting.

Judge Gage was at home a day or two last week. He is holding court at Marlborough this week, last court for this term, we believe.

There was no preaching last Sabbath at the A. R. P. church, Rev. J. S. Moffatt being at Welford assisting Rev. W. B. Lindsay in a meeting.

Charles Curtis, a tramp from Chicago, was arrested yesterday on the charge of vagrancy and sentenced to work 25 days on the chain-gang.

Mr. W. Y. White and his daughter Katie visited up about Hootdown, in York county, last week. Mr. White says farm work is farther advanced here than there.

Mrs. I. N. Whiteside, of Lewisville, who has been visiting her daughter at Charlotte, passed through the city last Friday on her way home.

The plumbing outfit and supplies of Jos. A. Walker & Son is being moved from Centre street to the vacant room in the new Walker & Henry building.

Jim Wilks; the negro who punished his son so severely last week, was tried before Magistrate Williams last Friday and sentenced to the chain gang for 30 days.

Capt. Moore and Mr. Gresham are adorning the grounds about the S. A. L. passenger station and eating house with flowers, grass, and vines.

Mr. W. B. Ausband who has been in the paper hanging business here for some time, expects to return soon to the railroad, a business in which he has spent a number of years heretofore.

Dr. J. B. Bigham spent yesterday at Blackstock, on professional business. His two little girls, Jeanette and Martha, went along and spent the day with former playmates.

Mr. J. E. Dayberry, the laundryman, left Saturday morning for Rocky Mount, N. C., to take charge of a steam laundry. His brother, Mr. J. H. Dayberry, will continue the business here.

An effort to organize a new military company in Chester is meeting with encouraging success. Another company in addition to the one already in the city and that one in the county would give stimulus to all of them.

The patrons of the telephone exchange have presented a handsome bicycle to Miss Bland Sloan, in recognition of her faithful service at the exchange. This is a well-deserved testimonial.

Manager A. W. Love, of the Telephone Exchange, staked off the new telephone line from Chester to Richburg last week. He also has the contract to put in twenty 'phones along this line.

Rev. T. C. Ligon, pastor of Zion and Uriel churches was in the city Monday. We understand that he will shortly move to Kershaw, much to the regret of his many friends in this county.

"Mormonism exposed, by the Latter-Day Saint Elders," is the reading, in part of posters taken to telephone poles about town this morning by two men who look like "saints." They announce public lectures in front of the Bank. The exposing will doubtless be done to the satisfaction of the Mormons, whatever J. E. M. may think of it.

Mr. Geo. B. Legg, commander of Abner Perrin Camp of Confederate Veterans, of Edgefield, will be in town next Thursday evening, when a meeting will be held at 8:30, to organize a camp of Sons of Veterans, and perhaps a chapter of Daughters of the Confederacy.

Attention, Democrats.

The presidents of the various democratic clubs in Chester county are hereby notified to call a meeting of their respective clubs to be held on the fourth Saturday in April, to elect delegates to the county convention to be held in the court-house in Chester on Monday, May 2nd, 1898, to elect delegates to the State Convention. E. M. SHANNON, J. C. McLURE, Chairman. Secretary.

Ice Cream and Strawberries.

The ladies of the Methodist church will serve ice cream and strawberries Friday evening at the council chamber from 5 to 10 o'clock. The attendance of the public is solicited.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. Editor: Will you allow me space in your paper to return my sincere thanks to Mr. Love and the patrons of the telephone company for the beautiful wheel they presented to me. I feel unable to express my thanks in words, but hope I may show my gratitude in my work, for their kind appreciation. I will also take this opportunity of thanking the directors of our board for their uniform courtesy and thoughtfulness of the employees of their company.
M. BLAND SLOAN.

More Devons for Texas.

Mr. Sisson, secretary of the American Devon Cattle Club, has been at Mr. R. A. Love's a few days, and will leave this afternoon for Victoria, Texas, with another car load of Devon cattle. We understand that Mr. Jno. C. McAfee put in some of these. It will be remembered that Mr. Sisson took a car load of Devons from here to Texas some time ago.

Mr. Sisson says that one ranch he visited in Texas extends 50 miles along the Gulf coast and has on it 13,000 head of blooded cattle.

Meeting of Democratic Clubs.

The court house Democratic Club, of Chester is hereby called to meet on Saturday afternoon, April 23rd, at 5 o'clock, in the court house. Important business to be transacted.

J. C. McLURE, Sec.
J. W. MEANS, Pres.

Blackstock Democratic Club will meet at Cornwell on Saturday, April 23rd. Important business to be transacted.

T. J. CUNNINGHAM, Pres.
H. M. SHANNON, Sec.

The Halsellville Democratic Club will meet at John Simpson's shop next Saturday, the 23rd, at 3 p. m. Important business.

J. S. WISE, Pres.

Has a Not on His Face.

The following letter was returned to Mr. J. F. Honeycutt a few days ago from Atlanta, it having been sent in an envelope bearing his card. It is written in a good hand. If it reaches the eye of the father he will know that the letter has not been delivered to his son. Here is the letter:

Chester S C Dec 3 1898
My dear Sun I have Sit Myself down to Write you a fue lines to let you know that we all are well and hope you are the Same and Mr Red told me that he see you and he say that you had a Not on your face and we want to know what made it and your Mother hade her teeth fixt and they cost \$14500 answer this letter right a way and let me here from you at one and all the children want to See you and I want to see you Myself and your Mother want to see you too
This is from your Farther

The Mormon elders preached on the street last night to a somewhat scattered audience that seemed but little interested. Chief Morgan recalled their appointment for another service tonight, and some of the audience requested them to depart these coasts.

Yesterday afternoon two county officials drew their coats in front of the court house and rushed at each other like two congressmen, but just at the critical moment an armistice took effect. We have no doubt that the powers have intervened by this time.

Mr. J. M. Hough, who represented Chesterfield in the legislature some years ago, but who recently moved to Landsford, Chester county, is announced over his own signature, in last week's Chesterfield Advertiser, for congress from this, the Fifth District.—Lancaster Advertiser.

Items from Landsford.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hough spent Thursday in Lancaster.

Masters George and Frank Hough spent a few days in Landsford last week.

The farmers at this writing are planting their foot-tracks on the banks of Catawba river, trying to catch fish while it is too wet to work.

Messrs. Anderson and Bruce, of Monroe, N. C., spent a night at Landsford this week.
BONNIE BESSIE.

Mitford Matters.

Quite a while has passed since last I wrote. The farmer's life is quite a busy one, especially this season of the year. That accounts for my not writing earlier. The farmers are busy planting cotton. Pretty well done plantng corn only on bottom land. The frost not long since nipped the corn and Irish potatoes, but we can hardly notice it now.

On the 15th inst. Miss Bessie Mobley's school closed, and on the 16th inst. a picnic was given for the enjoyment of patrons, pupils, and friends. Several gentlemen had been invited to speak. A bright day added to the beautifully trimmed and decorated stage, with nature's spring-time flowers etc. Prof. W. F. Scott acted as chairman, and in a few appropriate words introduced the speakers. Rev. Mr. Ingraham, of Blackstock, made a practical, instructive talk. He has a fine voice and is really a good speaker. Rev. R. A. Yongue made a talk in his usual fluent, happy way. Music both vocal and instrumental was furnished by the Mitford band.

After a really nice dinner, more music—then home.

Miss Bessie seems to be very popular with patrons and pupils.

Yesterday at Bethesda church the Lord's supper was administered. Rev. Mr. Yongue, the pastor, preached a sweet, persuasive and instructive sermon in keeping with the occasion.

Mrs. E. A. McDowell is visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Scott.

Miss Strauss Mills is visiting at Mr. W. S. Hall's.

Mr. W. S. B. Ford has been visiting relatives at Mitford.

VIRGINIA.
April 18, 1898.

A Clever Trick.

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and Weak Kneesa, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This "medicine" tones up the whole system, acts a stimulant to Liver and Kidneys, a blood purifier and nerve tonic, it cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholia. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle Guaranteed. Only 50 cents a bottle, at Woods & Brice's Drug Store.

The proposition to try Mark Hanna before an Ohio jury for bribery, is a mistake. If senators and representatives of that State, chosen by the people, are not proof against the temptation of Hanna's dollars, how could a petit-jury, drawn at random, be expected to acquit itself with more credit? If Hanna is guilty, he ought to be punished; but the prospects are not encouraging.—Yorkville Enquirer.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and Colds of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on Woods & Brice, Druggists, and get a trial bottle free. Regular size 50 cents and \$1. Every bottle guaranteed or price refunded.

GRANDEST OFFER EVER MADE BY R. BRANDT.

We will repair your watch throughout, including Cleaning, Main Spring, Jewels, Pivots, Balance Staffs, etc., or all these combined for
—\$1.00—
and guarantee the entire watch for 12 months, just as if regular price had been paid. Case repairs only shall be excepted. The unquestionable reputation of our high grade work is known by thousands throughout the four counties. Parties from out of town can obtain shipping instructions free by writing for same.
This offer is good only until JUNE 1st, 1898.

This is Positively a Wonderful Offer. Take Advantage of it Now.

R. BRANDT, THE JEWELER AND OPTICIAN,

LOOK FOR THIS SPACE NEXT WEEK. CHESTER, S. C.

TOBACCO! MOLASSES!

—EVERYTHING CHEAP AT—

Wm. LINDSAY & SON'S.

Just received car load of NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, in new clean barrels, which we will let go as fast as possible, so come and see us.

We will sell you good TOBACCO so you can make money on it. Don't forget us.

Wm. LINDSAY & SON.

NO WONDER

WALKER'S

PLACE IS SO MUCH ADMIRER!

EVERYTHING is so attractive and his stock is complete. Every house-holder knows that when a nice dinner is wanted it cannot be got until you go to Walker's, as he keeps everything that is needed, and fresh. An inspection will convince you that his store is the best equipped grocery store in the city.

THE LATEST delicious treat is Egg Macaroni. It is to be tried to convince. Call at Walker's.

"We can live without science, art and books,
"But civilized men cannot live without cooks."

Phone 84. JOS. A. WALKER.

WEEDER AND CULTIVATOR,

PRICE, \$10.00.

WORKS 7 I-2 FEET. WEIGHT, 80 POUNDS.

The Weeder is invaluable for all crops, nothing growing on the farm in any section of the country, on which it cannot be used with great profit. Used at the right time and with frequency, it dispenses almost entirely with the hardest and most expensive part of cultivation, viz: hoeing.

WHITE OAK, S. C., Feb. 8, '98.
Mr. J. B. MORRISON,
Blackstock, S. C.
Dear Sir:—I purchased a Hall-look success anti-clog Weeder and Cultivator last spring and another one this season. I will keep one going in cotton and one in corn steadily.
I cultivated oats this spring with one, to their great benefit. It took one man and one mule two days to cultivate 25 acres. They will save time and money in raising crops, and will also increase the returns, I believe.
Yours truly,
(Signed) C. S. PEXLEY.

J. B. MORRISON, Blackstock, S. C.,
AGENT FOR COUNTY.

Or to E. T. ATKINSON, Local Agent.

SHAD AND OTHER FISH

On hand all the time. Baked Shad served in my cafe every day.
A FINE LOT OF GROCERIES, Etc.
Call on me when you are in need of a fine meal. 25 per cent saved if you buy from me. Blake's old stand.
PHONE 6. T. H. WARD.

REMOVAL.

Dr. JAMES B. BIGHAM, SURGEON DENTIST.
Has removed from Blackstock to Chester. Office in Walker & Henry's new building, up stairs.
Legal blanks of all kinds for sale at this office.

W. J. Cunningham's Model Farm.

Last Saturday afternoon we had the pleasure of riding out with Mr. W. J. Cunningham to a fine plantation about two and a half miles west of town. Knowing Mr. Cunningham to be one of Lancaster's most successful farmers, we were prepared to see some up-to-date farming, but we confess that we were surprised to find such a model and well equipped farm as he has.

Everything on the plantation, which consists of over four hundred acres, bespeaks careful systematic and intelligent management. The buildings are all in good condition, the mules, cows and hogs fat and sleek, the arable lands in a high state of cultivation and thoroughly protected from waste by terraces and ditches, the granaries well filled and the laborers seemingly happy and prosperous. In a word, Mr. Cunningham has an ideal farm.

In one field of over two hundred acres that we visited, where hands were planting cotton, we failed to see a single gully or washout, so well arranged are the terraces and ditches, though the land is considerably rolling. The terraces had just been plowed and harrowed.

Thus prepared, Mr. Cunningham says that they will produce a fine crop of hay, which he will harvest at the proper time. Terraces are usually regarded as so much lost or idle land.

Mr. Cunningham begins the preparation of all of his land with two-horse turning plows, followed by harrows. His system of preparation and cultivation is well nigh perfect, as evidenced by the present garden-like condition of his soil and its handsome yields in the past.

Last year was not considered a good cotton year in this immediate section, but Mr. Cunningham made 108 bales on 123 acres. He also harvested 1000 bushels of oats from 30 acres of his thinnest land.

His crop of corn was also large—more than sufficient to run his plantation. His entire crop was made with only seven mules. This year he has enlarged his farming operations and is running nine plows.

Mr. Cunningham does not believe in the renting system. All of his lands are cultivated by hired labor or by parties working on shares—all of whom are directly under his or his manager's supervision. By the way, his manager, Mr. W. J. Bailey, is a most capital farmer himself and knows exactly how to manage hands.

In driving over Mr. Cunningham's plantation we saw convenience of his fine securely fenced pastures, clover lots, etc. We also noticed an acre or two of artichokes planted for his hogs. He believes in raising stock of all kinds as well as plenty of "hog and hominy" and king cotton. Ever the handsome young horse was driving is one of his own raising. He now has home-raised stock for sale—horses, cows, hogs, etc.—He has both the thoroughbred Jersey and the grade cattle.

It is a real treat to visit a farm like Mr. Cunningham's, where evidence of success and prosperity are to be seen on all sides, and where everything, even down to the minutest detail, is working along smoothly as clockwork. It would well repay those of our farmers who believe that there is no money in farming to pay Mr. Cunningham a visit.

—Lancaster Review.

Airing Rooms.

It is a great mistake that the whole house, particularly sleeping rooms and the dining room, receive so little attention in ventilating and purifying the air, when it can be done with so little trouble and no expense. A pitcher of cold water placed on a table or bureau will absorb all the grease with which the room is filled from the respiration of those eating or sleeping in the apartment. Very few realize how important such purification is for the health of the family, or, indeed, understand or realize that there can be any impurity in the rooms; yet in a few hours a colder or paler of cold water will catch the more effective—will make the air of a room

pure, but the water will be entirely unfit for use.

In bedrooms a pail or pitcher of water should always be kept, and changed often if anyone stays in the room during the day; certainly be put in fresh when the inmates retire. Such water should never be drunk, but either a covered pitcher or glass bottle with a stopper should be used for drinking water, and always be closely covered. Impure water causes more sickness than even impure air, and for that reason before using water from a pump or reservoir for drinking or cooking, one should pump or draw out enough to clear the pipes before using it, particularly in the morning, after the water has been standing all night.

Habana.

In answer to the recent reference in this paper to the spelling of the name of the city we have known as the city of "Havana," the Columbia State informs us that the correct spelling is "Habana," and that the city got its name from a girl in an Indian legend, and furthermore that the letter "H" is scarcely noticeable in pronunciation. The State did not say so, but we believe that the letter "a" is not pronounced as the first "a" in "Hannah" but that it has the broad sound as in "far," so that when pronounced by Cubans or Spaniards it would sound to us more than anything else like it was spelled "Abbonnah."

—Yorkville Yeoman.

By Local Ballot.

In Connecticut the statute allows towns to settle the question of license or no license by local ballot, with the result that, of 168 towns in the State, 85 are "no license" and 83 "license." Included in the latter are all the 18 urban towns and all of the 22 borough towns, except one—Stonington. There are but 7 "no license" towns in the State of more than 3,000 inhabitants, namely, Stonington, Glastonbury, Griswold, Groton, Salisbury, Plainfield and Thompson. In the election of last October 74 towns voted on the question, showing that a considerable difference of opinion exists upon it in Connecticut, as elsewhere, and shows some signs of continuance.

Something Unique.

D. P. Verner has just come into possession of a vest that was presented to his great grandfather over sixty years ago. In those days "store clothes" were a luxury and people wore their own clothes and made garments thereof. This vest, though a little antiquated in cut and style, is still in a remarkable state of preservation. It was made out of cotton from which the seeds were separated by hand.—Greenville News.

Mountains.

We view the mountains at close range, and see them bold and bare; Unfathomable and stern they stand, With harsh, forbidding air. Around their heads the storm-clouds play Where darkening tempests rise, Fit battle-ground where gods might war. For valor's honored prize. But if we seek the distant plain And view them from afar, Seen through the gentle shimmering haze, How beautiful they are! Enchanting distance weaves her veil, The scars all glorified, 'Till wondrous beauty but remains To greet our wondering eyes.

Just so with us. So with our lives, We all are bruised and scared, And if we close the range of view, Our symmetry is marred. The struggles, conquests and defeats, All these we try to try, To test the strength, to build us up, Like mountains toward the sky.

Each actual rise is earned with toil, Each effort must be weighed; Each rugged rift may show us where Some higher step was made. Real grandeur must be born of Time, To veil the grim and pain; From life the long-range view must hide. 'The wound, the scar, the stain. HARRY MASON, Seattle, Wash., March 21, 1898.

Will Be Much Missed.

The Many friends in Gaffney and Cherokee of Dr. and Mrs. J. Roddy Miller will regret to learn that they have determined to move to Rock Hill. Dr. Miller has been practicing medicine and surgery here several years, and by his skill has acquired an enviable reputation. He is an active member in the literary society here, and with Mrs. Miller, will be much missed, socially. We predict for the Doctor a brilliant career and assure him that Gaffney will be glad that he once lived here. Rock Hill's gain is Gaffney's loss.

—Ladger.

Ten Thousand Sides.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—England and Bryan, leather dealers of the city, yesterday received an order from the government for 10,000 sides of leather to be delivered at the Rock Island arsenal at the earliest possible moment. The leather is to be used for the manufacture of cartridge boxes and sword, sabre and bayonet scabbards.

"How can I get an article in your paper?" asked a correspondent of a Western journal. "It all depends on the article you want to get into our paper," replied the editor; "if the article is small in bulk, like a hair brush or a teacaddy, spread the paper out upon the floor, and placing the article in the center, wrap it up by carefully folding the edges over it, and tie with a string. This will keep the article from slipping out of the paper." If, on the other hand, the article is an English bath tub or a clothes horse, you would better not try it at all."

—Bazar.

Lovers are not necessarily alike because they correspond.

Of the 42 largest cities in Japan, ranging in population from 1,800,000 down to 26,000, 24 have electric lighting systems.

The cabbage still grows wild in Greece, where it originated. Radishes were native to China, but have been grown in Europe for centuries.

Hath any wronged thee? Be bravely revenged. Slight it, and the work is begun; forgive it, and the work is finished.

A strange force runs through humanity that requires a quarrel now and then to give contentment and zest to the pursuits of peace.—Florida Times-Union.

Maryland has passed a law doing away with the words, "So help me God" in judicial oaths, and it isn't likely that there will be any more perjury than there was before.

See Here!

For the accommodation of sundry persons who expressed a desire to have THE LANTERN but did not have the money at hand, we have sent them the paper on the promise that they would pay in a few days, or in a very short time. Some of these do not seem to appreciate the indulgence extended to them; but wait for us to send them a notice or have an agent call on them. This is not right. It is not just to us. It is not just to themselves. They are not doing what they said they would do.

If we owe any subscriber the amount of his subscription, then it is all right. It is not so bad, for us, in town where we can see the subscribers at almost any time, but it is expensive for us to send an agent miles away to collect what ought to have been paid according to promise. Think about it. And maybe some will get mad because we refer to the matter.

Now note this. Hereafter when subscribers are taken and indulgence of this kind given, we will send the paper two weeks, and then if the promise is not fulfilled the paper will cease its visits.

We trust that no one will be offended at a good humored statement like this, but if some should, then we hope they will not stop till they get mad enough to fulfil their promises.

Our observation is that promises are like eggs rather than wine; they are not improved by age. ff.

A bill is to be introduced in the Maryland Legislature, copied after the pattern of that in Ohio, which provides that all applicants for marriage licenses must pass an examination before a duly appointed board of physicians. If either one of a couple suffering from insanity or disease likely to be transmitted to children, the bill provides that the license shall be refused. It also provides that the salaries of the physicians composing the board shall be \$1,000 a year.

Visiting Cards

Printed neatly, on good white card board. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE LANTERN JOB OFFICE.

The Lantern Job Office IS HEADQUARTERS FOR ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING.

Work Guaranteed.

Prices Reasonable.

Legal Blanks, all kinds, for sale.

Carolina and North-Western R'y.

CENTRAL TIME STANDARD.

Schedule in Effect M'ch 6, '98.

GOING NORTH.	No. 14.	No. 40.
Leave Chester	6:15 a.m.	9:15 a.m.
Leave Rock Hill	7:10 a.m.	10:10 a.m.
Leave Yorkville	7:40 a.m.	10:40 a.m.
Leave Lancaster	8:10 a.m.	11:10 a.m.
Leave Columbia	8:40 a.m.	11:40 a.m.
Leave New York	9:10 a.m.	12:10 p.m.
Leave New York	9:40 a.m.	12:40 p.m.
Arrive New York	10:10 a.m.	1:10 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.	No. 39.	No. 41.
Leave New York	7:15 p.m.	10:15 p.m.
Leave New York	8:10 p.m.	11:10 p.m.
Leave New York	9:10 p.m.	12:10 p.m.
Leave New York	10:10 p.m.	1:10 a.m.
Leave New York	11:10 p.m.	2:10 a.m.
Leave New York	12:10 a.m.	3:10 a.m.
Leave New York	1:10 a.m.	4:10 a.m.
Arrive New York	2:10 a.m.	5:10 a.m.

Trains No. 9 and 10 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 11 and 12 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 13 and 14 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 15 and 16 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 17 and 18 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 19 and 20 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 21 and 22 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 23 and 24 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 25 and 26 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 27 and 28 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 29 and 30 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 31 and 32 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 33 and 34 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 35 and 36 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 37 and 38 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 39 and 40 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 41 and 42 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 43 and 44 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 45 and 46 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 47 and 48 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 49 and 50 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 51 and 52 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 53 and 54 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 55 and 56 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 57 and 58 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 59 and 60 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 61 and 62 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 63 and 64 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 65 and 66 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 67 and 68 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 69 and 70 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 71 and 72 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 73 and 74 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 75 and 76 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 77 and 78 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 79 and 80 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 81 and 82 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 83 and 84 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 85 and 86 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 87 and 88 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 89 and 90 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 91 and 92 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 93 and 94 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 95 and 96 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 97 and 98 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 99 and 100 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 101 and 102 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 103 and 104 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 105 and 106 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 107 and 108 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 109 and 110 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 111 and 112 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 113 and 114 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 115 and 116 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 117 and 118 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 119 and 120 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 121 and 122 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 123 and 124 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 125 and 126 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 127 and 128 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 129 and 130 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 131 and 132 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 133 and 134 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 135 and 136 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 137 and 138 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 139 and 140 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 141 and 142 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 143 and 144 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 145 and 146 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 147 and 148 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 149 and 150 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 151 and 152 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 153 and 154 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 155 and 156 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 157 and 158 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 159 and 160 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 161 and 162 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 163 and 164 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 165 and 166 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 167 and 168 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 169 and 170 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 171 and 172 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 173 and 174 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 175 and 176 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 177 and 178 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 179 and 180 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 181 and 182 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 183 and 184 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 185 and 186 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 187 and 188 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

Trains No. 189 and 190 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 191 and 192 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 193 and 194 are third class, and run daily except Sunday.

JOSEPH WYLIE & COMP'Y.

MOLASSES. Genuine old time Porto Rico Molasses with that pleasant and peculiar flavor which goes only with the pure article, now on sale at—
Wylie & Co's.

PURE LARD. Pure kettle rendered unadulterated leaf lard is almost a thing of the past. Many of our customers remember the lard made by the "Millens" of Xenia, Ohio, and sold by us several years ago. We have just received a half car load of this that is as good and pure as the best home-made lard ever used, and as cheap as the different compounds now sold under the name of lard. Put up in 5 lb., 10 lb., 20 lb. and 50 lb. buckets, on sale at—
Wylie & Co's.

SEED CORN. Extra early white and yellow seed field corn. Plant this you will have roasting ears in June and new meal in August.
Wylie & Co.

LOW PRICES. Goods retailed at Wylie & Co's., at wholesale prices. This accounts for the unprecedented volume of business we are now doing in Meal, Corn, Molasses, Flour, Lard, Meats, Sugar, Coffee and Tobacco. We control in this market the product of several large Tobacco Factories, buying in large quantities for spot cash, we are enabled to and do sell merchants who buy in small quantities for less money than they have ever bought such goods before.

WIRE, ETC. Wire and steel cut Nails, Barbed Wire, and Poultry Netting, three, four and five feet high, at very low figures for cash. Reasonable terms on time.

N. O. MOLASSES. Wylie & Co. are receiving their fifth shipment of N. O. Molasses. Have sold more since January 1st than ever in six months before. This is a fact worthy of the attention of close cash buyers.

GOOD CORN. Several cars of good sound corn, perfectly dry, in good new bags, cheap for cash, at—
Wylie & Co.

CLOTHING, Etc. Our Clothing, Dry Goods and Shoe departments are now receiving a full line of new, stylish and fashionable spring goods that will not fail to please in quality and price. Our method of doing business induces every customer, whether judge of goods or not, full value for his money. Everything warranted as represented or money refunded.

Come and see us, you will be pleased and well paid for your time in seeing what we have to show you. We have the greatest and grandest store in the State.

JOSEPH WYLIE & COMPANY.

Lancaster and Chester Railway.

(EASTERN TIME STANDARD)

Time Table in Effect Sept. 26, 1897.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 15.	No. 17.
Leave Chester	11:00 a.m.	7:40 p.m.
Leave Rock Hill	12:40 p.m.	9:20 p.m.
Leave Yorkville	1:10 p.m.	9:50 p.m.
Leave Lancaster	1:40 p.m.	10:20 p.m.
Leave Columbia	2:10 p.m.	10:50 p.m.
Leave New York	2:40 p.m.	11:20 p.m.
Arrive New York	3:10 p.m.	11:50 p.m.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 16.	No. 18.
Leave New York	6:15 a.m.	10:00 p.m.
Leave New York	7:10 a.m.	10:30 p.m.
Leave New York	8:10 a.m.	11:00 p.m.
Leave New York	9:10 a.m.	11:30 p.m.
Leave New York	10:10 a.m.	12:00 a.m.
Leave New York	11:10 a.m.	12:30 a.m.
Arrive New York	12:10 p.m.	1:00 a.m.

Connects at Chester with Southern Railway, and at Lancaster with the O. & C. R. R. and the L. & C. R. R.

Connects at Lancaster with the O. & C. R. R. and the L. & C. R. R.

Connects at Lancaster with the O. & C. R. R. and the L. & C. R. R.

Connects at Lancaster with the O. & C. R. R. and the L. & C. R. R.

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Connects at Lancaster with the O. & C. R. R. and the L. & C. R. R.

Connects at Lancaster with the O. & C. R. R. and the L. & C. R. R.

They banish pain and prolong life.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

VIGOR FOR MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored

MAGNETIC NERVE is sold with a written guarantee. It is a powerful agent for the treatment of all nervous diseases, including Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Nervous Headache, Nervous Stomach, Nervous System, Nervous Weakness, Nervous Pain, Nervous Disorder, Nervous Trouble, Nervous Affection, Nervous Complaint, Nervous Suffering, Nervous Distress, Nervous Anxiety, Nervous Fear, Nervous Shock, Nervous Excitement, Nervous Depression, Nervous Irritation, Nervous Inflammation, Nervous Ulceration, Nervous Necrosis, Nervous Gangrene, Nervous Paralysis, Nervous Convulsion, Nervous Epilepsy, Nervous Hysteria, Nervous Mania, Nervous Melancholia, Nervous Dementia, Nervous Insanity, Nervous Idiocy, Nervous Stupor, Nervous Coma, Nervous Death.

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Anything you invent or improve, also get a patent. Send for free booklet to O.A. Snow & Co., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D.C.